Scheme number 112/2001

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Nature of business and principal activities	The body corporate is engaged in controlling, managing and maintaining a block of sectional title units known as "Westpoint".
Address	45 and 45A Westmead Road Pinetown Durban Kwazulu Natal 3600
Trustees	N Clavel T Zeiss C Walker T Whelan I Mbatha
Auditors	Baker Tilly Morrison Murray Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants (SA)
Managing agent	Property Management Ignite
Business address	The Office Block, Grand Birches 100 Entabeni Road Pinetown Kwazulu Natal 3610
Postal address	PostNet Suite #31 Private Bag X17 Westville 3629
CSOS registration number	CSOS/REG/16/KZN/002720
Tax reference number	9053/777/17/4
Level of assurance	These financial statements have been audited in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Act, the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Regulations and the Management Rules.

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

# INDEX

The reports and statements set out below comprise the financial statements presented to the members:

	Page
Trustees' Responsibilities and Approval	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4 - 6
Balance Sheet	7
Levy Statement	8
Statement of Changes in Reserves	9
Accounting Policies	10
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	10 - 12

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

### TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

The trustees are required to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the body corporate as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations for the period then ended, in conformity with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the requirements of the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Act, Sectional Titles Schemes Management Regulations and the Management Rules of the body corporate established in terms thereof.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the financial statements and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The trustees acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the body corporate and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the trustees to meet these responsibilities, the trustees set standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the body corporate and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the body corporate's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the body corporate is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the body corporate. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the body corporate endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The trustees are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The trustees are aware of the legislation that was introduced by the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Act and the Community Schemes Ombud Service Act. These legislations require that the body corporate maintain a reserve fund and register with the Community Schemes Ombud respectively.

The external auditor is responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the body corporate's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the body corporate's external auditor and their report is presented on pages 4 to 6.

The financial statements set out on pages 7 to 12, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:

### Approval of financial statements

Trustee Date:

Trustee Date:



Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants (SA)

20 Westville Road, Westville, 3629 PO Box 1098, Westville, 3630 South Africa

T: +27 (0)31 267 5300

mail@bakertillymm.co.za www.bakertillymm.co.za

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### To the members of Body Corporate of Westpoint

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Body Corporate of Westpoint set out on pages 7 to 12, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2023, and the Levy Statement, the Statement of Changes in Reserves for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements of Body Corporate of Westpoint for the year ended 28 February 2023, are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the requirements of the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Act, Sectional Titles Schemes Management Regulations and the Management Rules of the body corporate established in terms thereof.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the body corporate in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the body corporate's own accounting policies to satisfy the financial information needs of its members. As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

4

Partners: S Stanley ca(sa) Ra, MJ Brand ca(sa) Ra, O Chetty ca(sa) Ra, PW Gericke ca(sa) Ra, JM Howitz ca(sa) Ra, BA Michel ca(sa) Ra, K Naicker ca(sa) Ra, JG Verburg ca(sa) Ra, N Weymouth ca(sa) Ra

Consultant: GA Noble CA(SA)

IRBA Practice No.: 902950

Baker Tilly Morrison Murray is a member of the global network of Baker Tilly International Ltd and the local network of Baker Tilly South Africa Proprietary Limited, the members of which are separate and independent legal entities.



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### Responsibilities of the trustees for the Annual Financial Statements

The trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the requirements of the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Act, Sectional Titles Schemes Management Regulations and the Management Rules of the body corporate established in terms thereof, as well as for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the body corporate's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the body corporate's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the body corporate's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the body corporate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the Management Rules of the body corporate as adopted in terms of Regulation 6 of the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Regulations, Rules 26(5)(c)(ii), (iii) and (iv), we report as follows:

### Compliance findings with accounting requirements (Rule 26(5)(c)(ii))

The trustees are responsible to ensure that the body corporate complies with management rules 21, 24 and 26 adopted in terms of the Sectional Title Schemes Management Regulations, including the implementation of systems, processes and internal controls the trustees determine are necessary in the circumstances.

If during the course of our audit of the financial statements of the body corporate we become aware of any instances of non-compliance with the accounting requirements set out in management rules 21, 24 and 26, we are required to report our findings. We have identified the following instances of non-compliances with the Rules:

• The body corporate did not hold its annual general meeting within the prescribed period.

### Management of the body corporate's financial affairs and funds (Rules 26(5)(c)(iii) and (iv))

In terms of the relevant International Standards applicable to audit, review and other assurance engagements, we were unable to conduct an engagement relating to whether the books of account of the body corporate have been kept and its funds have been managed so as to provide a reasonable level of protection against theft or fraud, and whether the financial affairs of the body corporate appear to be effectively managed, as required by Rules 26(5)(c)(iii) and (iv). We have not performed any audit, review or other assurance engagement in relation to these matters and accordingly we do not express any assurance, opinion or conclusion thereon.

**Baker Tilly Morrison Murray** 

Partner: Johannes Verburg CA(SA) Registered Auditor

Westville

Date: \_\_\_\_\_24 April 2023

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2023**

Figures in Rand	Notes	2023	2022
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Deposits		2 906	2 906
Current Assets			
Levies in arrears	2	90 369	42 528
Accounts receivable	3	183	-
Cash and cash equivalents	4	171 010	355 501
		261 562	398 029
Total Assets		264 468	400 935
Reserves and Liabilities			
Owners' funds and reserves			
Reserve fund	5	120 409	273 862
Administrative fund	5	17 171	83 530
		137 580	357 392
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	6	111 122	28 714
Levies in advance		15 766	14 829
		126 888	43 543
Total Reserves and Liabilities		264 468	400 935

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

### LEVY STATEMENT

Figures in Rand	Notes	2023	2022
Revenue		4 000 005	4 004 000
Levies receivable - ordinary		1 068 365	1 061 080
Levies receivable - ombud service		8 640	8 640
Levies receivable - reserves		40 347	-
Penalties on arrear levies		6 441	830
Recoveries - municipal charges		219 366	216 563
Recoveries - repairs and maintenance		20 336	-
Interest received		7 359	3 570
		1 370 854	1 290 683
Expenses			
Audit fees		7 326	7 475
Bank charges		2 827	2 495
Insurance	7	241 567	204 468
Levies - ombud service		8 640	8 640
Managing agents fees		39 828	39 240
Meter reading fees		-	6 341
Municipal charges	8	341 456	333 110
Repairs and maintenance - ordinary	9	121 415	114 326
Repairs and maintenance - special	10	399 534	15 065
Security		426 900	466 800
Taxation fees		1 173	1 898
		1 590 666	1 199 858
(Deficit) surplus for the year		(219 812)	90 825

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

## **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES**

Figures in Rand	Reserve fund	Administrative fund	Total owners' funds and reserves
Balance at 01 March 2021	266 567	-	266 567
Surplus for the year		90 825	90 825
Transfer between reserves	7 295	(7 295)	-
Balance at 01 March 2022	273 862	83 530	357 392
Deficit for the year		(219 812)	(219 812)
Transfer between reserves	(153 453)	153 453	-
Balance at 28 February 2023	120 409	17 171	137 580

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

### NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figures in Rand

2023

2022

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the requirements of the Sectional Titles Schemes Management Act, Sectional Titles Schemes Management Regulations and the Management Rules of the body corporate established in terms thereof. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

### 1.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is written off in the year of acquisition.

### **1.2 Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are measured at cost less impairment. These include levies in arrears, accounts receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans, levies in advance and accounts payable.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of the assets held in each category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If so, an impairment loss is recognised.

#### 1.3 Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities

Current tax for current and prior periods is, to the extent unpaid, recognised as a liability. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess is recognised as an asset.

Current tax liabilities (assets) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the tax authorities, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The tax liability reflects the effect of the possible outcomes of a review by the tax authorities.

### 1.4 Revenue

Levies and recoveries are recognised as revenue once owners are invoiced. Ordinary levies are invoiced monthly, based on the proportional amount as per the approved budget. Other recoveries are recognised as and when due by the owner.

Levies have been accounted for on the accrual basis and therefore includes outstanding amounts owing by the owners.

Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

### 2. Levies in arrears

Current month	13 346	16 833
30 days	11 607	5 395
60 days	9 299	7 133
90+ days	7 798	7 124
120+ days	48 319	6 043
	90 369	42 528

A full debtors age analysis is available from the managing agent upon request.

### 3. Accounts receivable

Legal fees	183	

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figu	ires in Rand	2023	2022
4.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
	Bank balance	50 601	81 639
	Reserve fund bank balance	120 409	273 862
		171 010	355 501
5.	Reserves		
	Reserve fund	070.000	000 507
	Balance at beginning of the year Transfer from Administrative fund	273 862 198 375	266 567 3 725
	Levies received	40 347	5725
	Interest received	7 359	3 570
	Reserve funds utilised	(399 534)	-
		120 409	273 862
	Administrative fund		
	Balance at beginning of the year	83 530	-
	(Deficit) surplus for the year	(219 812)	90 825
	Transfer to Reserve fund	153 453	(7 295)
		17 171	83 530
		137 580	357 392
6.	Accounts payable		
	Audit fees	7 325	7 015
	Levies - ombud service	1 440	1 440
	Municipal charges	32 207	20 145
	Security	70 150	-
	Sundry	<u> </u>	114
		111 122	28 714

A full creditors age analysis is available from the managing agent on request.

### 7. Insurance policy details

### **Buildings insurance**

Insurance company Policy number Renewal date Premiums paid Date of last property valuation

#### **Fidelity insurance**

Insurance company Policy number Renewal date Premiums paid Compass Insurance Company Limited CIA 019-476 01 October 2023 Monthly 21 July 2020

Guardrisk Insurance Company Limited SB\FG559983 01 April 2023 Monthly

(Scheme number: 112/2001) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2023

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figu	ures in Rand	2023	2022
8.	Municipal charges		
	Electricity Refuse removal Water and sewerage	11 609 50 563 279 284	12 658 49 633 270 819
		341 456	333 110
9.	Repairs and maintenance - ordinary		
	Building Electric fence and monitoring Fire equipment Garden and cleaning Plumbing	21 749 39 300 3 943 52 555 3 868	21 596 24 200 46 800 21 730
		121 415	114 326
10.	Repairs and maintenance - special		
	Buildings	399 534	15 065

### 11. Taxation

No provision has been made for 2023 tax as the body corporate has no taxable income in terms of Section 10(1)(e) of the Income Tax Act.

### 12. Going concern

The body corporate has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent liabilities and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.